Abhor (v.) [ঘৃণা বা অবজ করা]
⇒ = to regard with extreme repugnance or aversion.
⇒ I abhor all forms of racism.
⇒ Abhorrent (adj.) [ঘৃণা, জনধন]
⇒ Abhorrence (n.)

Absolve (v.) [মুিকেদয়া (নেষ্ট/প্রতিশ্রুতি থেকে)]
⇒ = to free someone from guilt, blame or responsibility for something.
⇒ The report absolved her from all blame for the accident.
⇒ Absolution (n.) [পাপেমাচন]
⇒ = formal redemption as pronounced by a priest in the sacrament of penance.
⇒ She was granted/given absolution.

Abstruse (v.) [দেবর্বাধয্]
⇒ = difficult to understand.
⇒ An abstruse philosophical essay.
⇒ Abstruseness (n.)

Alacrity (n.) [কমর্চাঞ্চলয্]
⇒ = liveliness and eagerness.
⇒ She accepted the money with alacrity.

Allay (v.) [লাঘবকরা (যিন্তণা/ উে জনা/ ভয়)]
⇒ = (1) to make someone feel less worried or frightened (2) satisfy (thirst).
⇒ The government is desperately trying to allay public fears/concern about the spread of the disease.
⇒ She allayed my fears by saying that she also had heard nothing.
⇒ Alleviate (v.)
⇒ The ointment soon alleviated the discomfort.
⇒ Alleviation (n.)

Amble (v.) [ষ্ঞীছদ গতিতে চলা]
⇒ = to walk in a slow and relaxed way.
⇒ He was ambling along the beach.
⇒ Amble (n.)
⇒ There's nothing I enjoy more than a leisurely amble across the moor.

Ameliorate (v.) [অপেক্ষাকৃত উন্নত ও ভাগো করা]
⇒ = to make a bad or unpleasant situation better.
⇒ Foreign aid is badly needed to ameliorate the effects of the drought.
⇒ Amelioration (n.)
**Amenable** (adj.) [প্রতিবেদনশীল, বাধ্য, দায়ী, নিপ্পিশিোল্লা (মামলা)]
- = something that you can control or treat in a particular way.
- We are all amenable to the law.
- Amenable to reason [হুমকি মনে চলে এমন]

**Antagonize** (v.) [শত্রুতাবাধ্য ক্রা, সংঘাতে ঠেলে দেয়া]
- I didn’t want to antagonize him.
- Antagonist (n.) [প্রতিপক্ষ, প্রতিশেপী]
- Antagonistic (adj.) [শত্রুতাবাধ্য]
- Antagonistically (adv.)
- Antagonism (n.) [সত্রুতা বিরোধিতা]

**Amicable** (adj.) [শান্তীপূণের]
- Ronaldo seeks an amicable end to his 5-year career at Old Trafford.
- Amicably (adv.)
- Live together amicably.
- Amicability (n.)

**Amity** (n.) [বন্ধুতাপূণের সম্পর্ক]
- = friendship.
- The two groups had lived in perfect amity for many years before the recent troubles.

**Anchro nism** (n.) [কালের অসমতা]
- = something located at a time when it could not have existed or occurred.
- For some people, marriage is an anachronism from the days when women needed to be protected.
- Anachronistic (adj.)
- He described the law as anachronistic (= more suitable for an earlier time) and ridiculous.
- Anachronistically (adv.)

**Anecdote** (v.) [বাদ্য কোন বাণী/ঘটনা সংক্রান্তে মজার ঘটনা]
- = a short often amusing story, especially about something someone has done.
- He told one or two amusing anecdotes about his years as a policeman.
- Anecdotal (adj.)
- Anecdotal evidence.

**Annals** (n.) [বর্ণনিতিক ঘটনাবিদের বিবরণী]
- = a chronological account of events in successive years.
- Annalist (n.)
- = a historian who writes annals.

**Anomaly** (n.) [অপার্যবীক্ষণ ব্যক্ত]
- A bird that cannot fly is an anomaly.
- Anomalous (adj.) [নিবিশেষাধিকৃত, ব্যাধিকর্মী]
- Anomalously (adv.)

**Arcane** (adj.) [গোপনীয়, রহস্যময়]
- = mysterious and known only by a few people.
- He was the only person who understood all the arcane details of the agreement.
- This argument may seem arcane to those not closely involved in the world of finance.
Ardor (n.) [আর্ডর, উত্সাহ]
⇒ = A feeling of strong eagerness.
⇒ Arduous (adj.) [দৃঢ়ন্ত, কঠিন]
⇒ Arduously (adv.)
⇒ Ardent (adj.) [অর্দ্ধ উত্সাহী]
⇒ An ardent follower of Orthodox Marxism.
⇒ Ardently (adv.)

Ascetic (adj.) [আস্তিক, অবহেলী]
⇒ = avoiding physical pleasures and living a simple life, often for religious reasons.
⇒ They live a very ascetic life.
⇒ Ascetic (n.)
⇒ Ascetically (adv.)
⇒ Asceticism (n.)

Asinine (adj.) [গৃহীত]
⇒ = complacently or inanely foolish.
⇒ An asinine comment.

Assiduous (adj.) [অধ্যয়নীয়]
⇒ = marked by care and persistent effort.
⇒ The Government has been assiduous in the fight against inflation.
⇒ Assiduously (adv.)
⇒ Assiduousness (n.)

Assuage (v.) [শোক করার]
⇒ = to make unpleasant feelings less strong.
⇒ I tried to assuage the old man's terror.
⇒ The government has tried to assuage the public's fears.

Astute (adj.) [বিচ্ছিন্ন]
⇒ = clever and quick to see how to take advantage of a situation.
⇒ An astute investor/businessman.
⇒ Astutely (adv.)
⇒ Astuteness (n.)

Atrophy (v.) [ক্ষয় করার]
⇒ = to become weaker.
⇒ After several months in a hospital bed, my leg muscles had atrophied.
⇒ Atrophy (n.)

Attenuate (v.) [লাঘব করার]
⇒ = to make something smaller, thinner or weaker.
⇒ Radiation from the sun is attenuated by the Earth's atmosphere.
⇒ Attenuation (n.)

Augment (v.) [রূপিত পাওয়া]
⇒ = enlarge or increase.
⇒ He would have to find work to augment his income.
⇒ Augmentation (n.)

Austere (adj.) [নির্মল নীতিপরায়ণ]
⇒ = severely simple.
⇒ An austere childhood during the war.
⇒ Austerely (adv.)
⇒ Austerity (n.)
⇒ The austereities of life in a small rural community were not what I was used to.

Averse (adj.) [নিবৃত্ত]
⇒ = strongly disliking or opposed to.
⇒ A labor is by nature averse to work.
⇒ Aversion (n.)
⇒ = a feeling of strong dislike or a lack of willingness to do something.
⇒ She has a deep aversion to getting up in the morning.

Banal (adj.) [মামলা, গতায়গিতক]
⇒ = obvious and dull.
⇒ He just sat there making banal remarks all evening.
⇒ Banality (n.)

Banter (v.) [ঠাঢ়া/পরিহাস করার]
⇒ = be silly or tease one another.
⇒ He stood around bantering with his colleagues.
⇒ Banter (n.) [ঠাঢ়া, পরিহাস]
⇒ He considered himself a master of witty banter.

Belie (v.) [আশ্চর্য দেওয়া]
⇒ = contradict, give a false impression.
⇒ His coarse, hard-bitten exterior belied his innate sensitivity.
⇒ Her calm face belied the terror she was feeling.
Belligerent (adj.)
⇒ = quarrelsome.
⇒ When her husband had too much to drink, he became belligerent.
⇒ Belligerently (adv.)
⇒ Belligerence (n.)
⇒ I can't stand his belligerence (= his wish to argue with people all the time).

Blatant (adj.)
⇒ = extremely obvious.
⇒ The complain upon which you all convicted me was a blatant lie.

Blemish (v.)
⇒ = mar or impair with a flaw.
⇒ This latest revelation has seriously blemished (= spoiled) the governor's reputation.
⇒ Blemish (n.)
⇒ = a mark on something that spoils its appearance.

Bolster (v.)
⇒ = to support or improve something or make it stronger.
⇒ She tried to bolster my confidence/morale by telling me that I had a special talent.
⇒ Bolster (n.)

Burgeon (v.)
⇒ = to develop or grow quickly.
⇒ Love burgeoned between them.

Buttress (v.)
⇒ = support, prop up.
⇒ This pillar should be buttressed by widening the bottom surface.
⇒ Buttress (n.)
⇒ = usually or stone or brick; supports the wall of a building.

Capitulate (v.)
⇒ = surrender, give up all resistance.
⇒ Their forces capitulated five hours after the Allied bombardment of the city began.

Caprice (n.)
⇒ = a sudden and usually foolish desire to have or do something.
⇒ The $300 million palace was built to satisfy the caprice of one man.
⇒ Capricious (adj.)
⇒ = He was a cruel and capricious tyrant.
⇒ Capriciously (adv.)
⇒ = Capriciousness (n.)

Capsize (v.)
⇒ = to (cause a boat or ship to) turn upside down accidentally while on water.
⇒ When the boat capsized we were trapped underneath it.

Carp (v.)
⇒ = complain continually.
⇒ A carping tongue, Carping criticism.
⇒ I can't stand the way he's always carping.

Cataclysm (n.)
⇒ = deluge, upheaval.
⇒ A cataclysm such as a French Revolution affects all countries.

Celerity (n.)
⇒ = speed, rapidity, a rate that is rapid.
⇒ Hamlet resented his mother's celerity in remarrying within a month after his father's death.

Cerebral (adj.)
⇒ = pertaining to the brain or intellect.
⇒ Writing is a cerebral artistic work.
⇒ She makes cerebral films that deal with important social issues.

Charlatan (n.)
⇒ = quack, pretender to knowledge.
⇒ At last Zakir realized that he had been duped [dupe = গ্রহন করা] by a charlatan.
Choleric (adj.) [বিদিবিদিয়, ব্যাক্তাজগত]
⇒ = hot-tempered, bad-tempered, irritable.

Circuitous (adj.) [পরামাণ, পথারানো, বৃত্তাকার]
⇒ = not straight or direct.
⇒ A circuitous route/explanation.

Cogent (adj.) [কোঁচালা এবং দৃষ্টান্ত প্রস্তাবনা]
⇒ = (of an argument) clear, logical and convincing.
⇒ Cogently (adv.)
⇒ She argued most cogently for a relaxation of the sanctions.
⇒ Cogency (n.)

Colloquial (adj.) [কথায়]
⇒ = characteristic of informal spoken language or conversation.
⇒ Colloquially (adv.)
⇒ Colloquialism (n.)

Commandeer (v.) [সামরিক প্রয়োজনে জেরপূর্ব দখল করা]
⇒ = a draft for military purposes, to take for public use.
⇒ The policeman commandeered the first car that approached and ordered the driver to go to the hospital.

Concede (v.) [মেনে দেয়া, স্বীকার করা, অনুমতি দেয়া]
⇒ = to admit that sth is true.
⇒ He was forced to concede (that) there might be difficulties.
⇒ After losing this decisive battle, the general was forced to concede (acknowledge defeat).

Conciliate (v.) [সমর্থন অর্জন করা]
⇒ = to make sb less angry or more friendly, especially by being kind and pleasant or by giving them sth.
⇒ Conciliation (n.)
⇒ A conciliation service helps to settle disputes between employers and workers.
⇒ Conciliatory (adj.)
⇒ Reconciliation (n.) [মিলান, সুমিষ্ট]
⇒ = an end to a disagreement and the start of a good relationship again.
⇒ The reconciliation of rights and duties within a democracy.

Condescend (v.) [নিজেকে ছোট করা, নিজের শ্রেষ্ঠত সম্পর্কে পূর্ণ সচেতনতা থেকে অন্যের প্রতি প্রশংসা ব্যবহার করা]
⇒ = do something that one considers to be below one's dignity.
⇒ He often condescended to take bribes.
⇒ Our boss often condescends to chat with us.
⇒ Condescension (n.)

Condone (v.) [করা, না দেখার ভান করা]
⇒ = overlook, forgive, give tacit approval.
⇒ Shajib's honesty condones his many shortcomings.
⇒ If the government is seen to condone violence, the bloodshed will never stop.

Confide (v.) [বিবাহ করে কাউকে কোনও কথা বলা]
⇒ = reveal in private; tell confidentially.
⇒ He confided (to her) that his hair was not his own.
⇒ Confiding (adj.)
⇒ Confidingly (adv.)

Confluence (n.) [নদীর মিলত, ফুল হবার সাথ]
⇒ = a place where two things come together.
⇒ Coincidence of peak flow of major rivers causing congestions at confluences.

Congenial (adj.) [সদৃশ, উপযোগী, রচিতমত, অনুকূল]
⇒ = suitable to your needs or similar to your nature.
⇒ He found nobody congenial to him in the village.
⇒ We worked in a congenial atmosphere.

Sanguine (adj.) [আশাবাদী, রক্তিম]
⇒ = positive and hopeful.
⇒ Sanguine of success.
⇒ Sanguinary (adj.) [রক্তাক্ত, রক্তক্ষুব্ধ, রক্তবাপুর]
⇒ A sanguinary battle.
⇒ A sanguinary ruler.
⇒ Consanguine (adj.) [রক্তের সম্পর্কমূল্য, সূক্ষ্ম]
⇒ Consanguinity (n.) [(রক্তের) সম্পর্ক, সূক্ষ্মতা]
⇒ Consanguineous (adj.)
⇒ = related by blood.

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Exsanguination (n.)
= depriving the body of blood.

Conscience (n.) [বিবেবক]
= a feeling of shame when you do something immoral.
You didn't do anything wrong, - you should have a clear conscience (= not feel guilty).
Conscience-stricken (adj.) [বিবেবকতািড়ত]
Conscienceless (adj.) [বিবেবকহীন]
Conscientious (adj.) [বিবেবকবুিdস]
A conscientious student.
Conscientiousness (adj.)
Conscientiously (adv.)

Console (v.) [সাntনােদয়া]
= give moral or emotional strength to.
He tried to console her, but she kept saying it was all her own fault.
Console (n.)
Consolation (n.)
I didn't know what to say - I just offered a few words of consolation.
Consolatory (adj.)
A consolatory remark.

Contempt (n.) [ঘৃণা]
= a strong feeling of combined dislike and lack of respect.
I felt contempt for the criminal.
She is beneath contempt [ঘৃণার অবারণ].
He rushed [rush = হেঁড় আসা] forward in contempt of danger [বিবেবকের অবারণ করে].
Contemptible (adj.)
= deserving contempt.
Her behavior was contemptible.
Contemptibly (adv.)
Contemptuous (adj.)
= expressing contempt.
A contemptuous manner/laugh.
Contemptuously (adv.)
The waiter smiled contemptuously at anyone who didn't know which wine to order.

Content (adj.) [পিরতৃ]
= satisfied.
I am content with my present salary.
Content (v.)
You're quite easily contented, aren't you?

Contended (adj.)
She smiled a contented smile.
Contentedly (adv.)
Contentment (n.)
His face wore a look of pure contentment.
Discontent (n.) [অসন্তুষ্ট]
Discontent among junior ranks was rapidly spreading.
Discontented (adj.) [অসন্তুষ্ট]
Discontentedly (adv.)

Contention (n.) [তর্ক, কলহ, যুিেkদশর্ন]
= a dispute where there is strong disagreement.
The matter has been settled - it's no longer in contention.
Bone of contention [ঝগড়া/বিবাদের কারণ].
Contentious (adj.) [ঝগড়ােট, কলহি]
A contentious decision/policy/issue/subject.

Contrite (adj.) [পাপেবাধ, দােরা পীিড়ত]
= feeling regret for a fault or offence.
A contrite apology/εxpression.
Contritely (adv.)
Contrition (n.) [অনেশাচনা]

Contrive (v.)
= to manage to do sth despite difficulties, devise, make or work out a plan for.
She contrived to spend a couple of hours with him every Sunday evening.
The convicts contrive a means of escape from the prison.
Contrivance (n.) [েকৗশল, ফি, উদািবত বস্ত]
= any improvised arrangement for temporary use.

Contumacious (adj.) [অবাধা, এককরে, বিদোহী ও বেপেররয়া]
= stubborn and disobedient.
Contumaciously (adv.)
Contumacy (n.) [অবাধারা]
Contumely (n.) [পুর্ববহুর, অপমান]

Convolute (v.)
= curl, wind, or twist together.
Convoluted (adj.) [জটপাকােনা, জিটলের, জিটলের, জিটলের, জিটলের]
= a convoluted argument.
Convolution (n.)

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The convolutions of a snake.

Cornflower (n.)
⇒ = (1) the fundamental assumptions underlying an explanation (2) something of great importance which everything else depends on.
⇒ In most countries, the family unit is still the cornerstone of society.

Corpulent (adj.)
⇒ = excessively fat.
⇒ He weighs 350 lbs; he is so corpulent that he can hardly walk.
⇒ Corpulence (n.)

Countermand (v.)
⇒ = annul by recalling or rescinding.

Covert (adj.)
⇒ = secret or hidden.
⇒ The government was accused of covert military operations against the regime.
⇒ Covertly (adv.)
⇒ Terrorists have been operating covertly in England for several years.

Curmudgeon (n.)
⇒ = a crusty irascible cantankerous old person full of stubborn ideas.

Cursory (adj.)
⇒ = hasty and without attention to detail.
⇒ She gave the newspaper a cursory look, and then put it down.
⇒ Cursorially (adv.)

Cynic (adj.)
⇒ = someone who is critical of the motives of others.
⇒ I'm too much of a cynic to believe that he'll keep his promise.
⇒ Cynical (adj.)
⇒ Cynically (adv.)
⇒ Cynicism (n.)
⇒ He's often been accused of cynicism in his attitude towards politics.

Dazzle (v.)
⇒ = to cause someone to lose clear vision, esp. from intense light.
⇒ I was dazzled by the sunlight.
⇒ Dazzling (adj.)
⇒ = extremely attractive or exciting.
⇒ A dazzling performance/display.
⇒ Dazzlingly (adv.)

Dearth (n.)
⇒ = an amount or supply which is not large enough.
⇒ A dearth of daily necessities.

Debilitate (v.)
⇒ = make weak.
⇒ A debilitating climate.
⇒ His health is debilitated from not getting enough good food.

Decimate (v.)
⇒ = to kill a large number of something, or to reduce something severely.
⇒ A population decimated by famine.
⇒ Decimation (n.)
⇒ = destroying or killing a great proportion of the population (literally every tenth person).

Cipher (v.)
⇒ = convert ordinary language into code.
⇒ Cipher (n.)
⇒ The message was written in cipher.
⇒ Decipher (v.)
⇒ = to discover the meaning of something written badly or in a difficult or hidden way.
⇒ Can you decipher the writing on this envelope?
⇒ Decipherable (adj.)

Decorous (adj.)
⇒ = characterized by propriety and dignity and good taste in manners and conduct.
⇒ Decorously (adv.)
⇒ Decorum (n.)
⇒ Even the best-mannered students have trouble behaving with decorum on the last day of school.
⇒ Indecorous (adj.)
= lacking propriety and good taste in manners and conduct, behaving badly or rudely.
Indecorously (adv.)
Indecorum (n.) [অসভ্যতা, অশিক্ষার]

Decry (v.)
= express strong disapproval of.
He is a rebel who decries society as it is.

Defunct (adj.) [পরেলাকগত, বিলুপ্ত]
= dead, no longer in use or existence.
That company is now defunct; it closed last month.

Degenerate (v.) [অধঃপিতত হওয়া]
= to become worse in quality.
Educational standards are degenerating year by year because of a lack of funds.
Degenerate (adj.)
= having low standards of behavior.
a degenerate young man
Degenerate (n.) [অধঃপিতত ব্যক্তি বা গ্রামীণ]
Degeneration (n.)
High blood pressure can cause degeneration of the heart muscles.
Degenerative (adj.)
A degenerative disease/condition.

Deleterious (adj.) [ক্ষতকর]
= harmful.
These drugs have a proven deleterious effect on the nervous system.
Deleteriously (adv.)

Delineate (v.) [চিত্রিত করিতে অভিষিক্ত করা]
= to describe or mark the edge of something.
The main characters are clearly delineated in the first chapter of the book.
The boundary of the car park is delineated by a low brick wall.
Delineation (n.)

Demur (v.) [আপত্তি উপায়ন করা, আশঙ্কা প্রকাশ করা]
= raise objections, show reluctance.
The lawyer requested a break in the court case, but the judge demurred.
Without demur [নিষ্ঠিত ভাবে]

Demure (adj.) [প্রসন্ন]
= affectedly modest or shy especially in a playful or provocative way.
A demure old gentleman.
She gave the young man a demure smile.
Demurely (adv.)
She sat with her hands folded demurely in her lap.
Demureness (n.)

Denigrate (v.) [মানহানি করা]
= belittle.
You shouldn't denigrate people just because they have different beliefs from you.
Denigration (n.)

Denizen (n.)
= a plant or animal naturalized in a region.
Deer, foxes and squirrels are among the denizens of the forest.

Deprecate (v.) [অপুন্যন না করা]
= (1) belittle (2) express strong disapproval of.
The teacher should not deprecate his student's efforts.
We deprecate this use of company funds for political purposes.

Descend (v.) [অবতরণ করা, বংশধর হওয়া, আকস্মিকভাবে আক্রমণ করা, নিজেকে নিচে নামানো]
= come from.
Humans are descended from (= developed from) ape-like creatures.
Descendent [বংশধর]

Despise (v.) [তুচ্ছ জান করা]
= look down on with disdain.
She despised him for the way he treated her sister.
Despicable (v.) [শুভ্র]
= morally reprehensible.
He was drunk and his behavior at the party was despicable.
Despicably (adv.)

Despondent (adj.) [হতাশ, মন-মরা]
= without or almost without hope.
She started to feel despondent about ever finding a job.

Despondency (n.)

Despondently (adv.)

Desultory (adj.)

Desultory reading.

Deter (v.)

Nothing can deter me from trying again.

Deterrence (n.)

Deterrent (n.)

Do you think that capital punishment is a deterrent to crimes?

Detriment (n.)

These effluents have detrimental effects on the living environment.

Detrimental (adj.)

Detrimentally (adv.)

Didactically (adv.)

Didactic (adj.)

Nobody likes his didactic attitude.

Digress (v.)

The lecturer temporarily digressed from her subject to deal with a related theory.

Digression (n.)

Talking about money now would be a digression from the main purpose of this meeting.

Dire (v.)

These people are in dire need of help.

Discern (v.)

I could just discern a figure in the darkness.

Discerning (adj.)

Discernment (n.)

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Discourse (v.)

Talking about money now would be a digression from the main purpose of this meeting.

Discount (v.)

You should discount about fifty percent of what he says.

Disdaine (v.)

The older musicians disdain the new, rock-influenced music.

Disdaine (n.)

He regards the political process with disdain.

Disdainfully (adv.)

Disparage (v.)

The actor's work for charity has recently been disparaged in the press as an attempt to get publicity.

Disparaging (adj.)

Disparagingly (adv.)

Disparagement (n.)

Dispute (v.)

Few would dispute his status as the finest artist of the period.

Dispute (n.)

They have been unable to settle/resolve the dispute over working conditions.

Disrupt (v.)

These people are in dire need of help.
Disputed (adj.)
Disputable (adj.)
It's claimed that they produce the best athletes in the world but I think that's disputable.
Disputation (n.)
Disputatious (adj.)
He's a disputatious young man (= he argues a lot).
Undisputed (adj.)
Bill Goldberg is the undisputed champion in the history of wrestling.

Dissemble (v.)
Dissembler (n.)
He accused the government of dissembling.

Dissuade (v.)
He dissuaded his son from joining the army.

Diurnal (adj.)
Diurnal motion of the sun.

Docile (v.)
The once docile population has finally risen up against the ruthless regime.
Docility (n.)

Dogged (adj.)
Her ambition and dogged determination ensured that she rose to the top of her profession.
Doggedly (adv.)

Dolor (n.)

Domicile (v.)
He was domiciled in Saudi Arabia during the 1980s.

Drone (v.)
He was droning on (and on) about his operation.
Drone (n.)

Dubious (adj.)
These claims are dubious and not scientifically proven.
Dubiously (adv.)

Dwindle (v.)
Her hopes of success in the race dwindled last night as the weather became worse.
Dwindling (adj.)
Dwindling numbers/supplies.

Eccentric (adj.)
My mother's a bit of an eccentric.
Eccentrically (adv.)
Eccentricity (n.)

Ecclesiastic (n.)

Eclectic (adj.)
An eclectic taste in literature.

Edible (adj.)

Eloquence (n.)

She was renowned for her eloquence and beauty.

Eloquent (adj.)

She made an eloquent appeal for action before it was too late.

Eloquently (adv.)

He spoke eloquently.

Emanate (v.)

= cause to grow thin or weak.

Emaciated (adj.)

= very thin and weak, usually because of illness or extreme hunger.

There were pictures of emaciated children on the cover of the magazine.

Emaciation (n.)

Emancipate (v.)

= free from slavery or servitude.

Emancipated (adj.)

= not limited socially or politically.

The twenties and sixties are often regarded as the most emancipated decades.

Emancipation (n.)

Eminent (adj.)

= famous, respected or important.

Eminence (n.)

= the state of being famous, respected or important.

His eminence as a film director...

Empiric/ Empirical (adj.)

= derived from experiment and observation rather than theory.

This theory needs to be backed up with solid empirical data/evidence.

Empirically (adv.)

Empiricism (n.)

Encounter (v.)

= to meet someone unexpectedly.

On their way home they encountered a woman selling flowers.

Encounter (n.)

Encumber (v.)

= hold back.

A country encumbered with debts.

A room encumbered with useless books.

Encumbrance (n.) [বাধা, বোঝা, দায়]

Cumbrous (adj.) [খালিরপুর্ণ, কষ্টসাধন]

Endeavor (n.) [চেষ্টা]

= an attempt to do something.

Crossing the North Pole on foot was an amazing feat of human endeavor.

Endeavor (v.)

= to try to do something.

Engineers are endeavoring to locate the source of the problem.

Endemic (v.) [কোন দেশের অঞ্চলে প্রচুর জন্ম পেয়ার শ্রেষ্ঠ রোগবিশেষ]

= especially of a disease or a condition, regularly found and very common among a particular group or in a particular area.

Malaria is endemic in many of the hotter regions of the world.

Endorse (v.)

= give support or one's approval to.

The National Executive is expected to endorse these recommendations.

Endorsement (n.)

Franchise (n.) [জনাধিকার]

= the right to vote in an election.

Enfranchise (v.)

= grant voting rights.

Women in Britain were first enfranchised in 1918.

Enfranchisement (n.)

Disenfranchise (v.)

= deprive of voting rights.

Engross (v.) [সবসময়ে কোনো কাজ করা]

= engage wholly.

He is engrossed in his work.

Rage (n.) [ক্রোধ]

= (a period of) extreme or violent anger.

I was frightened because I had never seen him in such a rage before.

Rage (v.)

The hurricane raged for a full day.

Raging (adj.)
The rains had turned the stream into a raging torrent.

Enrage (v.)

= to cause someone to become very angry.

Plans to build a new nightclub in the neighborhood have enraged local residents.

Shroud (v.)

= cover/hide.

The hills were shrouded by mist.

Suddenly all the lights went out and the house was shrouded in darkness.

Shroud (n.)

A shroud of mist.

Enshroud (v.)

= cover as if with a shroud.

Snare (n.)

His promises are a snare.

Snare (v.)

Snare a bird/rabbit.

Ensnare (v.)

= catch in or as if in a trap.

Spiders ensnare flies and other insects in their webs.

Entice (v.)

= provoke someone to do something through promises or persuasion.

He enticed her to elope with him.

Enticement (n.)

Enumerate (v.)

= to name things separately, one by one.

She enumerated five things that she liked about the new apartment.

Enumeration (n.)

Ephemeral (adj.)

= lasting for only a short time.

Fame in the world of rock and pop is largely ephemeral.
Euphemism (v.)
⇒ = a word or phrase used to avoid saying an unpleasant or offensive word.
⇒ 'Senior citizen' is a euphemism for 'old person'.
⇒ Euphemistic (adj.)
⇒ Euphemistically (adv.)

Evade (v.) [কৌশলে এড়ানো]
⇒ = escape, either physically or mentally.
⇒ Just give me an answer and stop evading the question!
⇒ Evasion (n.)
⇒ Her speech was full of excuses and evasions and never properly addressed the issue.
⇒ Evasive (adj.)
⇒ The Minister was her usual evasive self, skillfully dodging reporters' questions about her possible resignation.
⇒ Evasively (adv.)
⇒ Evasiveness (n.)

Evanescent (adj.) [বিলীয়মান]
⇒ = tending to vanish like vapor.
⇒ Evanescent (n.)

Evoke (v.) [সৃিতেত জাগেয় এডেক আনা]
⇒ = call to mind.
⇒ = bringing strong images/feelings to mind.
⇒ That smell always evokes memories of my old school.
⇒ Evocation (n.)
⇒ Evocative (adj.) [সৃিত-জাগািনয়া]
⇒ Evocatively (adv.)

Evolve (v.) [সাভািবকভািব িবকিশত হওয়া]
⇒ = to develop gradually.
⇒ Agriculture evolved slowly over thousands of years.
⇒ Evolution (n.)
⇒ Darwin's theory of evolution.
⇒ Evolutionary (adj.)
⇒ The change has been evolutionary (= gradual) rather than revolutionary.

Exacerbate (v.) [আরো খারাপের দিকে নিয়ে যাওয়া, উত্তেজিত করা]
⇒ = make worse.
⇒ ~ exacerbated by human activities.
⇒ This attack will exacerbate the already tense relations between the two communities.

Exalt (v.) [পদেনরত দেয়া, উচ্চপ্রশঃসা করা]
⇒ = praise, raise in rank/character/status.
⇒ Exalted (adj.) [বংশদস্সম্পন্ন]
⇒ She rose to the exalted post of Foreign Secretary after only three years in the government.
⇒ Exaltation (n.) [উত্ত্যন, প্রমাণন্ত]

Exult (v.) [উজ্জ্বলি হওয়া]
⇒ = to express great joy.
⇒ Sharapova exults after winning.
⇒ Exultant (adj.) [মেহািল মিসত]
⇒ Exultantly (adv.)

Exasperate (v.) [উত্তেজিত করা, বৈর্যমানি ঘটানো]
⇒ = to make someone very annoyed.
⇒ Exasperated (adj.)
⇒ He's becoming increasingly exasperated with the situation.
⇒ Exasperatedly (adv.)
⇒ Exasperating (n.)
⇒ Exasperatingly (adv.)
⇒ Exasperation (n.)
⇒ After ten hours of fruitless negotiations, he stormed out of the meeting in exasperation.

Exigent (adj.) [জরুরি]
⇒ = needing urgent attention.
⇒ An exigent problem.
⇒ Exigency (n.)

Exonerate (v.) [অভিযোগাদি হতে মুক্তি দেয়া]
⇒ = pronounce not guilty of criminal charges.
⇒ He was charged with fraud, but the trial exonerated him.
⇒ Exoneration (n.)

Extant (adj.) [এখনও বিদ্যমান]
⇒ = still in existence.
⇒ We have some extant parish records from the sixteenth century.

Felicitate (v.) [অভিনন্দিত করা]
⇒ = express congratulations.
⇒ Felicitation (n.)
⇒ Felicitous (adj.) [সৃিত-জাগািনয়া, মোদানেম]
⇒ He summed up Jack's achievements in one or two felicitous phrases.
Felicitously (adv.)
Felicity (n.)
As a songwriter, he combined great linguistic felicity with an ear for a tune.
Felicities (pl.)
Her article contained one or two verbal felicities which will stay in my mind for years.

Fetid (adj.)
= offensively malodorous.
Fetid air/breath.

Fetter (v.)
= shackle, restrict the freedom of.
He felt fettered by a nine-to-five office existence.
Fetter (n.)

Foible (n.)
= a behavioral attribute that is distinctive and peculiar to an individual.
You have to get used to other people's quirks and foibles.
We all have our little foibles.

Folly (n.)
= a stupid mistake.
Buying such an expensive car on your small salary was pure folly.

Foolhardy (adj.)
= foolishly brave, taking unnecessary risks.
Sailing the Atlantic in such a tiny boat wasn't so much brave as foolhardy.
He was foolhardy to try to drive his car through a snowstorm.
Foolhardiness (n.)

Forthright (adj.)
= (too) honest or direct in behavior.
His forthright manner can be mistaken for rudeness.

Frivolous (adj.)
= not serious in content or attitude or behavior.
Frivolously (adv.)

Frivolity (n.)

Furtive (adj.)
= secret and sly or sordid.
A furtive glance/behavior.
I saw him cast a furtive glance at the woman at the table to his right.
Furtively (adv.)
Furtiveness (n.)

Futile (adj.)
= pointless.
A futile attempt.
It's quite futile trying to reason with him - he just won't listen.
Futility (n.)

Garrulous (adj.)
= full of trivial conversation.
The crowd grew garrulous before the speaker arrived.
Garrulously (adv.)
Garrulousness (n.)

Genial (adj.)
= friendly and pleasant.
When the couple gives a party, they are always genial hosts.
Florida has a genial climate.
Genially (adv.)
Geniality (n.)

Germane (adj.)
= relevant and appropriate, pertinent.
Her remarks could not have been more germane to the discussion.

Glutton (n.)
= a person who is devoted to eating and drinking to excess.
Gluttonous (adj.)
She said that industrialized countries should reduce their gluttonous (= greater than is needed) consumption of oil.
Gluttonously (adv.)
Gluttony (n.)

Grandiloquent (adj.)
= using long/difficult words in order to impress.
Her speech was full of grandiloquent language, but it contained no new ideas.

**Grandiloquence (n.)**

- larger and containing more detail than necessary.
- Grandiose plans/schemes/ideas for making money.

**Gregarious (adj.)**

- seeking and enjoying the company of others.
- Emma's a gregarious, outgoing sort of person.

**Guile (n.)**

- clever but sometimes dishonest behavior that is used to deceive someone.
- The President will need to use all her political guile to stay in power.
- Guileless (adj.)
- She regarded him with wide, guileless blue eyes.
- Guileful (adj.)

**Hackneyed (adj.)**

- over familiar through overuse.
- The plot of the film is just a hackneyed boy-meets-girl scenario.

**Habor (v.)**

- hold a thought or feeling of.
- I have always harbored a penchant for teaching.
- Harbor a criminal.
- Harbor thoughts of revenge.
- Harbor (n.)
- Harborage (n.)

**Hedonism (n.)**

- the pursuit of pleasure as a matter of ethical principle.
- Hedonism is a way of life for many people.

**Heresy (n.)**

- a belief that rejects the orthodox tenets of a religion.
- Heretic (adj.)
- Heretical (adj.)
- Her belief that a split would be good for the party was regarded as heretical.

**Hiatus (n.)**

- an interruption in the intensity or amount of something.
- The company expects to resume production of the vehicle again after a two-month hiatus.

**Hidebound (adj.)**

- stubbornly conservative and narrow-minded.

**Humility (n.)**

- the quality of not being proud because you are aware of your bad qualities.
- They might be very rich, but it wouldn't hurt them to show a little humility.

**Hurl (v.)**

- (1) throw forcefully (2) utter with force; utter vehemently.
- In a fit of temper he hurled the book across the room.
- I wasn't going to stand there while he hurled abuse at me!

**Iconoclast (n.)**

- characterized by attack on established beliefs or institutions.
- Rogers, an iconoclast in architecture, is sometimes described as putting the insides of buildings on the outside.
- Iconoclastic (adj.)
- His plays were fairly iconoclastic in their day.
- Iconoclasm (n.)

**Idyll (n.)**

- Idyllic (adj.)
Ignominious (adj.) [অপমানকর, কলঙ্কজনক]

⇒ An ignominious defeat/failure/retreat.
⇒ Ignominiously (adv.)
⇒ Ignominy (n.) [অপমান, কলঙ্ক]
⇒ = a state of dishonor.
⇒ The Workers’ Coalition experienced the ignominy of total defeat in the last election.

Imitate (v.) [অনুকরণ করা]

⇒ = produce a copy of.
⇒ Some birds imitate human speech.
⇒ Wood painted to imitate marble.
⇒ Imitator (n.)
⇒ Imitation (n.)
⇒ Imitation leather/jewellery.
⇒ Imitative (adj.)
⇒ Imitative words: ding-dong.
⇒ Inimitable (adj.) [অনুকরণীয়]
⇒ Inimitably (adv.)

Imminent (adj.) [আসান]

⇒ = close in time; about to occur.
⇒ The wedding date is imminent, so we must send invitations.
⇒ Imminently (adv.)
⇒ Imminence (n.)

Peccable (adj.)

⇒ = liable to sin.
⇒ Impeccable (adj.)
⇒ = without fault, flawless.
⇒ The fashion designer was admired for her impeccable clothes.

Impending (adj.) [আসন]

⇒ The impending storm; His impending arrival.
⇒ So relentless has the speculation become that Portugal's impending Euro 2008 campaign is turning into something of a sideshow, with reporters constantly asking about the young winger's decision.

Plausible (adj.) [আপাতদৃষ্টিতে যথার্থ বা যুক্তিসঙ্গত, অনুহাসসঘনী (বর্ত্তমান)]

⇒ = apparently reasonable and valid.
⇒ A plausible excuse/explanation.
⇒ A plausible rogue.
⇒ Plausibly (adv.)
⇒ Plausibility (n.)

Implausible (adj.)

⇒ = difficult to believe.
⇒ The whole plot of the film is ridiculously implausible.
⇒ Implausibly (adv.)
⇒ Implausibility (n.)

Providence (n.) [মিত্রবাহিনী, তাবিসাল-চিকা, দুরদৃষ্টিতা]

⇒ Providence fund.
⇒ Provident (adj.) [দুরদৃষ্টী]
⇒ Providently (adv.)
⇒ Providential (adj.)
⇒ Providentially (adv.)
⇒ Improvident (adj.) [অপরিমধ্যবর্তী]
⇒ Improvidently (adv.)

Impudent (adj.) [পুরুষ, কলঙ্কজনক]

⇒ = marked by casual disrespect.
⇒ The child was impudent to her mother when she stuck out her tongue.
⇒ Impudence (n.)

Inane (adj.) [নিসর্গ, কাকা]

⇒ = devoid of intelligence.
⇒ An inane remark.
⇒ Inanely (adv.)
⇒ Inanity (n.) [অসারতা]

Clement (adj.) [প্রশাসনী, মুদু]

⇒ = (1) inclined to show mercy (2) (of weather or climate) physically mild.
⇒ It's very clement for the time of year.
⇒ Clemency (n.)
⇒ Inclement (adj.) [কঠোর, রুক্ষ, নির্মম, ঠাঁড়া ও ঠোঁটো]
⇒ = (1) (of weather of climate) physically severe (2) showing no clemency or mercy (person).
⇒ Inclemency (n.)

Congruent (adj.) [সামঞ্জস্থ, যথাযথ]

⇒ = corresponding in character or kind.
⇒ Martin and I have the same philosophy on life; we share congruent beliefs.
⇒ Congruence (n.)
⇒ Incongruous (adj.) [সামঞ্জস্যহীন]
⇒ Incongruously (adv.)
⇒ Incongruity (n.)

Inculcate (v.) [হদয়ে নিবিদ্ধ/প্রাপ্তি করা (ভাব/আদর্শ)]

⇒ = teach and impress by frequent repetitions or admonitions.
Inculcate in young people the sense of duty.

**Incumbent (n.)** [পদাধিকারী]  
⇒ = the official who holds an office.

**Incumency (n.)** [পদাধিকার]  

**Incumbent (adj.)** [আবশ্যক]  
⇒ She felt it incumbent upon/on her to raise the subject at their meeting.

**Dispense (v.)** [বন্টন করা, ঔষধারীতির দান করা, পিরহার করা, একান্তি ছাড়া চলেতে পারা]  
⇒ = (1) distribute/supply to a number of people (2) prepare and supply (medicine) according to a prescription (3) to get rid of something or someone or stop using them because you do not need them.

⇒ There is a vending machine on the platform that dispenses snacks.

⇒ They've had to dispense with a lot of luxuries since Mike lost his job.

**Dispensation (n.)** [বন্টন, িনয়িতর িবধান, শাসনের দাবারী থেকে অস্বীকার]  
⇒ The dispensation of justice/food/charity.

⇒ Death is a dispensation of providence.

⇒ Muslims are granted dispensation from fasting during illness.

**Dispenser (n.)**  

**Dispensary (n.)**  

**Dispensable (adj.)** [পিরহার্ন, যা ছাড়া চলেত]  
⇒ It seemed the soldiers were regarded as dispensable - their deaths just didn't matter.

⇒ Indispensable (adj.) [পরিবর্ত্ত]  
⇒ = vitally necessary, unavoidable.

⇒ Indispensability (n.)

**Indolent (adj.)** [লস]  
⇒ = disinclined to work or exertion.

⇒ A labor is by nature indolent to work.

⇒ Indolence (n.)

**Indulge (v.)** [প্রয়োগ দেয়া]  
⇒ = give free rein to.

⇒ My aunt indulges the children dreadfully.

⇒ Indulgence (n.)

⇒ Indulgent (adj.)  
⇒ He had been a strict father but was indulgent towards his grandchildren.

⇒ Indulgently (adv.)

**Evitable (adj.)**  
⇒ = capable of being avoided.

⇒ Inevitable (adj.) [আবশ্যক]  
⇒ The accident was the inevitable consequence/result/outcome of carelessness.

⇒ Inevitably (adv.)  
⇒ Their arguments inevitably end in tears.

⇒ Inevitability (n.)

**Inexorable (adj.)** [অপ্রত্যাহারী, নির্বাচনী, নির্মায়]  
⇒ = relentless, unyielding, implacable.

⇒ Inexorable demands/pressure.

⇒ Inexorably (adv.)

**Infer (v.)** [অনুমান করা, বিশ্লেষণের আগ্রহ]  
⇒ We can infer from what he said that he is innocent.

⇒ Inference (n.) [অনুমান]  
⇒ BOD is a measurement by inference.

⇒ The inference is not supported by facts.

⇒ Inferential (adj.) [অনুমানসম্পূর্ণ]

**Infest (v.)** [বহু সংখ্যায় উপস্থিত থাকা (ঈদুর, কীটপতঙ্গ), উপদ্রব করা]  
⇒ = invade in great numbers, as of pests.

⇒ Warehouses infested with rats.

⇒ Cloths infested with vermin/lice.

⇒ Infestation (n.)

**Ingenious (adj.)** [উদ্ভাবনকৃত, বিচিত্র]  
⇒ = very clever and skilful.

⇒ An ingenious mind/idea/method/solution.

⇒ Ingeniously (adv.)

⇒ The umbrella was ingeniously devised to fold up into your pocket.

⇒ Ingenuity (n.)

⇒ Drug smugglers constantly use their ingenuity to find new ways of getting drugs into a country.

**Ingenuous (adj.)** [উদাহরণকৃত, সরলচিত্র]  
⇒ = honest, sincere and trusting, sometimes in a way that seems foolish.

⇒ It has to be said it was rather ingenuous of him to ask a complete stranger to look after his luggage.

⇒ Ingenuously (adv.)
Ingenuousness (n.)
Disingenuous (adj.)

Inimical (adj.)

Innocuous (adj.)

Inquisitive (adj.)
Inquisitively (adv.)
Inquisitiveness (n.)

Salubrious (adj.)
Insalubrious (adj.)

Insidious (adj.)
Insidiously (adv.)
Insidiousness (n.)

Insolent (adj.)
Insolently (adv.)
Insolence (n.)

Insuperable (adj.)

Mingle (v.)
Intermingle (v.)

Intermittent (adj.)
Intermittently (adv.)

Internecine (adj.)

Intimidate (v.)

Intone (v.)

Invective (n.)

Vigor (n.)
Vigorous (adj.)
Vigorously (adv.)

Invigorate (v.)

Irascible (adj.)
Irascibility (n.)

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Itinerant (adj.) [পর্যটনশীল]
⇒ = traveling from place to place to work.
⇒ An itinerant journalist/laborer/preacher.
⇒ Itinerant (n.)

Jargon (n.)
⇒ = a characteristic language of a particular group.
⇒ Each occupation has its own jargon which outsiders have difficulty following.

Jettison (v.) [ভারকমােনার জাহাজে মালপত্তে ফেলে দেয়া, পরিতাত্ত্বিক পরিবর্তন করা]
⇒ We jettisoned the unworkable project.
⇒ The crew of the air balloon jettisoned the sand bags to help the balloon rise over the hill.

Jovial (adj.) [হাসিশুশি]
⇒ = full of or showing high-spirited merriment.
⇒ He seemed a very jovial chap.
⇒ Jovially (adv.)
⇒ Joviality (n.)

Juxtapose (v.) [পাশাপাশি সাপণ করা]
⇒ = place side by side.
⇒ The exhibition juxtaposes Picasso's early drawings with some of his later works.
⇒ Juxtaposition (n.)
⇒ The juxtaposition of two very different cultures.

Labyrinth (n.) [গোলকর্ধাতার]
⇒ = (1) complex system of paths or tunnels (2) something which is very confusing.
⇒ Finally, through a labyrinth of corridors she found his office.
⇒ He was no stranger to the labyrinth of love.
⇒ Labyrinthine (adj.) [গোলকর্ধাতারপূর্ণ]
⇒ It takes a fair amount of concentration to follow the film's labyrinthine plot.

Laconic (adj.) [লাকনিক প্রকাশিত]
⇒ = brief and to the point; effectively cut short.
⇒ Laconically (adv.)
⇒ Laconism (n.)

Lament (v.) [শোক করা]
⇒ = to express sadness and regret about.
⇒ My grandmother, as usual, lamented the decline in moral standards in today’s society.
⇒ Lamentation (n.)
⇒ For all the lamentations that schools do not teach the game, it is still played in some areas.

Languish (v.) [লিঙ্গাহ হওয়া]
⇒ = lose animation or strength.
⇒ The girl languished for her lover.
⇒ He is now languishing in jail.
⇒ Languid (adj.) [অসংরক্ষিত, লিঙ্গাহ]
⇒ Languid stretches filled with the imagined piano music that inspires Szpilman to live.
⇒ Languidly (adv.)
⇒ = in a languid and lethargic manner.
⇒ Languor (n.) [শারীরিক অসুস্থতা, অসুস্থতা]
⇒ = an unusual lack of energy.
⇒ The languor of the summer noon.

Laud (v.) [প্রশংসা করা]
⇒ = praise, glorify, or honor.
⇒ The teacher lauded the student for her excellent work.
⇒ Laudable (adj.)
⇒ Laudably (adj.)
⇒ Laudatory (adj.) [শারীরিক প্রশংসক]

Lionize (v.) [কাছে নিকটে বাড়িয়ে পনা করা]
⇒ = assign great social importance to.
⇒ Lionization (n.)

Lithe (adj.) [নমনীয়]
⇒ = gracefully slender; moving and bending with ease.
⇒ Dancers are lithe.
⇒ Lithesome (adj.)
⇒ Lithely (adv.)

Longevity (n.) [দীঘর্জীবন, দীঘর্জীয়]
⇒ = living for a long time.
⇒ To what do you attribute your longevity?

Lucid (adj.) [প্রশ্নটি, সজ্জারূপ]
⇒ = transparently clear.
⇒ She gave a clear and lucid account of her plans for the company's future.
Lucidly (adv.)
Lucidity (n.)

Malevolent (adj.) [পরহীন]
= causing or wanting to cause harm or evil.
The central character is a malevolent witch out for revenge.
Malevolence (n.)

Mar (v.) [কিতসাধন করা, নষ্ট করে ফেলা]
= to spoil something, making it less perfect or less enjoyable.
Sadly, the text is marred by careless errors.
It was a really nice day, marred only by a little argument in the car on the way home.

Maxim (v.) [বাণী, প্রবচন]
= a saying that widely accepted on its own merits.
"Birds of a feather flock together" is a maxim that similar people like to be with each other.

Mayhem (n.) [বিশৃঙ্খলা]
= violent and needless disturbance.
He drank too much alcohol and committed mayhem in nearly destroying the furniture in the bar.

Meager (adj.) [রাগা, অপ্রুব, অসম্পূর্ণ, বর্ধন]
= deficient in amount or quality or extent, barely adequate.
His meager income does not suffice his large family.
A meager meat, A meager attendance.
Meagerly (adv.)
Meagerness (n.)

Meander (v.) [একটি ও দুই দুরে বেড়ানো, উদ্ধার করার কথা বলা]
= wander aimlessly.
Meandering (n.)
Meanderingly (adv.)

Mendacious (adj.) [মিথ্যা]
= intentionally untrue.
Some of these statements are misleading and some downright mendacious.

Mendacity (n.)
Politicians are often accused of mendacity.

Metaphor (n.) [রূপক]
= a figure of speech that suggests similarity between one thing and another.
"All that glitters is not gold" is a metaphor for saying that things are not always what they appear to be.
Metaphorical (adj.)
Her second novel is written in a very metaphorical style.

Meticulous (adj.) [ইটিমাট ব্যাপারে যত্নশীল]
= very careful and with great attention to every detail.
Many hours of meticulous preparation have gone into writing the book.
Meticulously (adv.)
The entire project was meticulously planned.
Meticulousness (n.)

Miff (n.)
= a state of irritation or annoyance.
Miffed (adj.)
= annoyed.
He was miffed that his girlfriend did not show up for a date.

Mimic (v.) [অনুগ্রহ করা]
= imitate (a person, a manner, etc.), esp. for satirical effect.
She was mimicking the various people in our office.
Mimicry (n.)
= the act of mimicking.

Miniscule/Minuscule (adj.) [ক্ষুদ্রতত্ত্ব, অতিক্ষুদ্র]
= very small.
To find someone you actually love, who’ll love you- the chances are always minuscule.

Misdemeanor (n.) [লঘু অপরাধ]
= a crime less serious than a felony.
Parking violations are misdemeanors.
**Misnomer** (n.) [নাম বা শেষের অপপ্রয়োগ]  
- an incorrect or unsuitable name.  
- It's something of a misnomer to refer to these inexperienced boys as soldiers.

**Mollify** (v.) [প্রশস্তিকৃত/কোমল করা]  
- make less rigid or softer.  
- Mollify sb's anger.  
- Mollification (n.)

**Nomad** (n.) [যাযাবর]  
- a member of a people who have no permanent home but move about according to the seasons.  
- A tribe of Somalian desert nomads.  
- Nomadic (adj.)

**Noxious** (adj.) [poisonous or harmful, very unpleasant, কিন্তুকারী, অনিষ্টকর]  
- noxious gases / chemicals / fumes  
- a noxious problem  
- Noxiously (adv.) [অনিষ্টকরণকরপে]  
- Noxiousness (n.) [অপকারকতা]

**Nullify** (v.) [বাতল করা]  
- declare invalid.  
- The state death penalty law was nullified in 1977.

**Obdurate** (adj.) [এককরে, অনমনীয়, অনুশোচনাহীন]  
- stubbornly persistent in wrongdoing.  
- The President remains obdurate on the question of tax cuts.  
- Obdurately (adv.)  
- Obduracy (n.)

**Obliterate** (v.) [নিষ্ক্রিয় করা]  
- to remove all sign of something.  
- The missile strike was devastating - the target was totally obliterated.  
- All of a sudden the view was obliterated by the fog.  
- Perhaps she gets drunk to obliterate painful memories.

**Oblivion** (n.) [বিস্মৃতি]  
- the state of being disregarded or forgotten.  
- She can remember nothing; her memory has gone into oblivion.  
- Oblivious (adj.)

**Oblivion** (n.) [বিবাহন]  
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**Obsolete** (adj.) [অপর্যাপ্ত, লোকজনে]  
- no longer in use.  
- Gas lamps became obsolete when electric lighting was invented.  
- Obsolescent (adj.)  
- Much of our existing military hardware is obsolescent.  
- Obsolescence (n.)  
- Mobile phone technology is developing so quickly that many customers are concerned about obsolescence.

**Opprobrious** (adj.) [তিরক্ততাপূর্ণ, গলিগলাপূর্ণ, অপ্রীত]  
- expressing offensive reproach.  
- Opprobriously (adv.)  
- Opprobrium (n.) [তিরক্ষা, গলি, নিদ্রা, কলঙ্ক]  
- International opprobrium has been heaped on the country following its attack on its neighbors.

**Ostensible** (adj.) [লোক দেখাও]  
- appearing or claiming to be one thing when it is really something else.  
- Their ostensible goal was to clean up government corruption, but their real aim was to unseat the government.  
- Ostensibly (adv.)  
- Ostentation (n.)  
- Her luxurious lifestyle and personal ostentation were both hated and envied.  
- The ostentation of the newly rich.  
- Ostentatious (adj.) [জাঁকালা, লোক দেখাতে পছন্দ করে এমন]  
- = intended to attract notice and impress others.  
- They criticized the ostentatious lifestyle of their leaders.  
- Ostentatiously (adv.)

**Pains** (n.) [ভাগািন, পরিশ্রম]  
- He worked very hard but got very little for all his pains.  
- Painstaking (adj.) [ফুলনীল, পরিশ্রমী, কটুসিদ্ধ]  
- = characterized by extreme care and great effort.
Pallid (adj.) [ফাকােশ, মিলন]
⇒ = lacking in vitality or interest or effectiveness.
⇒ Pallidly (adv.)
⇒ Pallidness (n.)
⇒ Pallor (n.) [বিবর্তা, মেখর ফাকােশ ভাব]

Paltry (v.) [তুচ্ছ, নগণয্]
⇒ = very small and of little or no value.
⇒ The company offered Jeremy a paltry sum which he refused.

Panache (n.) [বড়াই, ভাব]
⇒ = distinctive and stylish elegance.
⇒ There is always an air of panache about everything she says.

Parch (v.) [পুিড়েয় শুিকেয় এফলা]
⇒ = cause to wither from exposure to heat.
⇒ Parchment (n.)
⇒ = skin of a sheep or goat prepared for writing on.

Pariah (n.) [নিচু জাতের/অপর্ন্য লোক]
⇒ = a person who is rejected (from society or home).
⇒ He was treated like a pariah and cast out from his community.

Parochial (adj.) [সীমাবধ, সংকীণর্]
⇒ = narrowly restricted in outlook or scope.
⇒ A parochial outlook.
⇒ Parochially (adv.)
⇒ Parochialism (n.) [সংকীণর্তা]

Paucity (n.) [পরমােণ বা সংখয্ায় সালতা, অভাব]
⇒ = an insufficient quantity or number.
⇒ There is a paucity of information on the ingredients of many cosmetics.

Peccadillo (n.) [কন বায্ির চরিত্রে সামান দুর্বলতা, দেষ বা ক্ষুট]
⇒ = a minor fault.
⇒ One of her peccadilloes is that she sometimes spends money too easily.

Pellucid (adj.) [বুঝ, নির্মল]
⇒ = transparently clear, easily understandable, lucid.
⇒ Pellucidly (adv.)

Penurious (adj.)
⇒ = (1) hating to spend or give money (2) very poor.
⇒ He penurious old man refused to lend his children any money.
⇒ The sight of penurious children in the street made us very sad.
⇒ Penuriously (adv.)
⇒ Penuriousness (n.)
⇒ Penury (n.)
⇒ = a state of extreme poverty or destitution.

Perennial (adj.) [বষর্বয্াপী, বােরােমেস, দীঘর্sায়ী]
⇒ = lasting an indefinitely long time.
⇒ Perennially (adv.)

Perfidy (n.) [বিবশব্াসঘাতকতা]
⇒ = betrayal of a trust.
⇒ Perfidious (adj.)
⇒ Perfidiously (adv.)
⇒ Perfidiousness (n.)

Perfunctory (adj.) [অষ্ঠ বা অবহেলায় সম্পাদিত নিম্নমাত্রক কাজ]
⇒ = not thorough.
⇒ Perfunctorily (adv.)
⇒ A perfunctory inspection failed to reveal the house's structural flaws.

Peripatetic (adj.) [বিভিন্ন স্থানে ইতকত ভূমিকাত]
⇒ = traveling from place to place.
⇒ Peripatetic (n.) [আক্রিট্সেলের অস্তানী বায্ি]
⇒ Peripateticism (n.) [আক্রিট্সেলের দায়নিক মত]

Persecute (v.) [কিদেয়া, যুগ্না দেয়া, হয়রান করা]
⇒ = cause to suffer.
⇒ Persecute a man by saying worrying things.
⇒ Persecutor (n.)
⇒ Persecution (n.)
⇒ Suffer persecution for one’s religious beliefs.
⇒ The enormity of persecution in World War II.

Persona (n.) [(বায্ির) চেতনার বহির্গারাক্ষ]
⇒ = the aspect of a person’s character that is presented to others.
He had a shy, retiring side to his personality that was completely at odds with his public persona.

**Pervade (v.)** [পরিরক্ষণ করা, ব্যাপকভাবে ছড়িয়ে পড়া]  
= spread or diffuse through.

- **Pervasion (n.)**
- **Pervasive (adj.)** [পরিরক্ষাপন্থী]
- **Planning is pervasive and generic.**
- **Pervasively (adv.)**
- **Pervasiveness (n.)**

**Petrify (v.)** [চিত্র/অনুভব/ক্ষুদ্র করার শক্তি হরণ করা (ভয়/বিপর্যয়ের মাধ্যমে), বিলীনত হওয়া]  
= cause to become stone-like or stiff or dazed and stunned.

- **Petrification (n.)**
- **Petrified (adj.)**
- **I stood petrified as the most enormous dog I've ever seen came bounding up to me.**

**Phlegm (n.)** [প্রশ্ন, প্রকৃতি উদাসীন]  
= calm and unexcitable, not easily disturbed.

- **Phlegmatically (adv.)**

**Pinion (v.)** [পাঁখির ডানা কেটে দেয়া যাতে উড়তে না পারে, কোন বাঁধির হাড় কেটে রাখা]  
= restrain or immobilize by binding the wings or legs.

- **Pinion (n.)**
- **= bird’s wing.**

**Plagiarize (v.)** [অনেকের ভাষা, শব্দ ইত্যাদি গ্রহণ করে নির্জনের বলে ব্যবহার করা]  
= to use another person's idea or a part of their work and pretend that it is your own.

- The book contains numerous plagiarized passages.

**Polemical (adj.)** [বিরক্তিমূলক]

- **A polemical essay.**
- **Polemically (adv.)**

**Ponderous (adj.)** [স্থলকায়]  
= slow and laborious because of weight.

- Bureaucracies move in a ponderous way.
- **Ponderously (adv.)**

**Portend (v.)** [শিক্ষিত দেয়া]  
= indicate by signs

- **This portends difficult time ahead.**

**Postcocity (n.)** [বংশধরগণ, সমাজসভায়, উত্তর পুরুষ]  
= all future generations.

- **Every attempt is being made to ensure that these works of art are preserved for posterity.**

**Pragmatic (adj.)** [সবিক্ষু প্যারাগবাদের দিক থেকে বিবেচনা করে এমন]  
= concerned with practical matters.

- In business, the pragmatic approach to problems is often more successful than an idealistic one.

- **Pragmatically (adv.)**
- **Pragmatism (n.)** [প্যারাগবাদ, সোভিয়েট, অনিবার্কার্চ, পন্থতিমূলক]  

**Precipitous (adj.)**  
= done with very great haste and without due deliberation, extremely steep.

- Don't be precipitate - think it through before you make a decision.
- **There is a precipitous drop off that cliff.**

- **Precipitously (adv.)**

**Precocious (adj.)** [এককালপরিপক্ক]  
= (of a child) advanced in intelligence or development.

- **She was a precocious child who could read and write at the age of three.**

- **Precociously (adv.)**
- **Precociousness (n.)**
**Predilection (n.)**
⇒ A predilection for [বিশেষ অনুরাগ/পছন্দ, পূর্ববর্তী]
⇒ He has a predilection for drinking alcohol.

**Predispose (v.)** [পূর্বর্ব অনুরাগ/অনুকূল করা, উন্মুক্ত করা]
⇒ = make susceptible.
⇒ To predispose to disease [রোগপ্রবণ করা]
⇒ Smoking predisposes you to lung cancer.
⇒ His family background predisposes him to support the Democrats.
⇒ I found him predisposed in your favor.
⇒ Predisposition (n.) [প্রবণতা]
⇒ A predisposition to find fault with.

**Pre-eminent (n.)**
⇒ = more important or better than others.
⇒ She is the pre-eminent authority in her subject.
⇒ Pre-eminence (n.)
⇒ = high status importance owing to marked superiority.
⇒ His pre-eminence in his subject is internationally recognized.

**Prerogative (n.)** [বিশেষ অধিকার]
⇒ = a right reserved exclusively by a particular person or group (especially a hereditary or official right).
⇒ Alex makes all the big decisions - that's his prerogative as company director.

**Prevalent (adj.)** [প্রচলিত]
⇒ = encountered generally especially at the present time.
⇒ Pine trees are prevalent in this part of the country.
⇒ Prevalence (n.)

**Prevaricate (v.)** [(সম্পূর্ণ) সত্য বলা থেকে বিরত থাকা]
⇒ = to avoid telling the truth or saying exactly what you think, misrepresent.
⇒ He prevaricated when he spoke in court.
⇒ Prevarication (n.)
⇒ Prevaricator (n.)

**Procrastinate (v.)** [কালক্ষেপণ করা]
⇒ = postpone or delay needlessly.
⇒ I know I've got to deal with the problem at some point - I'm just procrastinating.
⇒ Procrastination (n.)

**Prodigal (adj.)** [অতিবারী, মুক্তকক্ষ]
⇒ Prodigal (n.)
⇒ Prodigally (adv.)
⇒ Prodigality (n.)
⇒ The prodigality of the sea.

**Prodigy (n.)** [মহাবিদ্যার]
⇒ = an unusually talented or intelligent child.
⇒ A prodigy of learning.
⇒ Infant prodigy [প্রথম শিক্ষিত প্রতিষ্ঠিত]

**Profound (adj.)** [গভীর, গাৱঢাই]
⇒ A profound sleep.
⇒ Profundity (n.) [গভীরতা, গাৱঢাইতা]
⇒ The profundity of knowledge.

**Proliferate (v.)**
⇒ = grow or reproduce rapidly.
⇒ Proliferation (n.) [জন্মবস্তিকর]
⇒ Prolific (adj.)
⇒ = bearing in abundance especially offspring.

**Propitiate (v.)** [চেষ্টায় উপশমের জন্য কিছু করা]
⇒ = to please and make calm a god or person who is annoyed with you.
⇒ In those days people might sacrifice a goat or sheep to propitiate an angry god.
⇒ Propitiation (n.) [আরাধিত]
⇒ Propitiatory (adj.)
⇒ With a propitiatory gesture he offered her his hand.
⇒ Propitious (adj.) [অনুকূল, সুপ্রস্তুত, তত্ত্বাচ]
⇒ Weather that was propitious for their journey.
⇒ With the economy in the worst recession for thirty years, it was scarcely the most propitious time to start up a company.
⇒ Propitiously (adv.)

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Puerile (adj.) [শৃঙ্খলী, তুচ্চ]
⇒ I find his sense of humor rather puerile.
⇒ Puerility (n.) [বালকসাল ব্যবহার/কথা/চিত্তা]

Punctilious (adj.) [অন্যন্যায়ের সম্মুখান্ত ব্যাপার অতিস্তর্ক, কেতদৃষ্ট, লেখালেখার্ট]
⇒ Punctiliously (adv.)
⇒ Punctiliousness (n.)

Quotidian (adj.) [(জুর সম্পর্কে) দৈনিক, প্রাতাহিক]
⇒ = found in the ordinary course of events, daily.
⇒ Television has become part of our quotidian existence.

Raconteur (n.)
⇒ = a person skilled in telling anecdotes.
⇒ Our grandfather was an entertaining Raconteur.

Rancid (adj.) [পচা চিবর্ন গর্মনি]
⇒ = smelling of fermentation or staleness.
⇒ The butter is rancid and tastes bad.

Ratify (v.) [স্বাক্ষর রি দান করা, পিরতৃ পচিরতাথর্ন করা]
⇒ = approve in writing.
⇒ Ratification (n.)

Recede (v.) [পিছেয়/সব নাম হওয়া, পাথুরঘে চালু হওয়া]
⇒ = (1) gradually become weaker/smaller (2) move back or further away.
⇒ The painful memories gradually receded in her mind.

Reek (n.) [বাঁশ উর্ধ্বগ্রুহ]
⇒ = a distinctive odor that is offensively unpleasant.
⇒ The reek of stale tobacco smoke.
⇒ Reek (v.) [দুর্বলভাবে হওয়া]
⇒ Reek with [ব্যাপ বা রক্ষা লিঙ্গ বা সিক্ষা হওয়া]

Refute (v.) [কাউকে ভাল প্রমাণ করা]
⇒ = prove to be false or incorrect.
⇒ One witness refuted the statement of another by presenting new evidence.
⇒ Refutable (adj.) [খলনায়]
⇒ Refutation (n.) [খলনা]

Regale (v.) [বুধ/আনন্দ দান করা, পরিতৃপ্ত/ভোজন করা]
⇒ = provide with choice or abundant food or drink.
⇒ Regale oneself with a bottle of champagne.
⇒ Our friend regaled us with stories of things he had done in Africa.

Reiterate (v.) [পুনরাবৃত্তি করা]
⇒ The club has moved to reiterate its stance on this matter.
⇒ A reiterate command.
⇒ Reiteration (n.)

Rejoice (v.) [আনি নত করা/হওয়া]
⇒ = to feel great joy.
⇒ When the war ended, the winners rejoiced.

Relinquish (v.) [বজর্ন করা]
⇒ = to give up; hand over, to surrender.
⇒ The thief relinquished his gun to the police.
⇒ He relinquished alcohol and fatty foods to go on a diet.

Remit (v.) [কমা করা, মণ্ডুক করা, ট্রাস করা/পাওয়া, পাঠানো]
⇒ = release from (claims and debts).
⇒ His examination fees have been remitted.
⇒ The case will be remitted to an expert committee.
⇒ Remission (n.) [কমা, মাজর্না, রেহাই, মণ্ডুক, লাঘব]
⇒ Remission for good conducts. [কারাগার থেকে]
⇒ Remission of a fever.
⇒ Remittance (n.) [কমা থর্নে রশন বা প্রেরণ অর্থ]

Renounce (v.) [ঠাণ্ড করা]
⇒ = give up.
⇒ He renounced drinking alcohol by telling his friends that he had quit drinking.
Repudiate (v.) [নিজের বলে অবীকার করা, অবীকৃতি জানানো]
⇒ = refuse to acknowledge or recognize.
⇒ I utterly repudiate those remarks.
⇒ Repudiation (n.)

Resonant (adj.)
⇒ = (of sound) deep, clear and ringing.
⇒ Resonant with = filled with.

Resurgent (adj.) [পুনরায় শীঘ্র-স্বরূপ]
⇒ = rising again as to new life and vigor.
⇒ Resurgence (n.) [পুনর্জীবন, পুনরায়থেকে]

Revel (v.) [আনন্দ লাভ করা]
⇒ Revel in [প্রচুর আনন্দ লাভ করা]
⇒ Drunken Revel [পার্বত্যবিহার]
⇒ Reveler (n.)

Rhetoric (n.) [আলঙ্কারের ভাষা]
⇒ Rhetorical (adj.) [pertaining to effective communication, অলঙ্কারের, বাণী-সম্পন্ন]
⇒ = asked only to make a statement or to produce an effect rather than to get an answer
⇒ = intended to influence people, but not completely honest or sincere (of a speech or piece of writing)
⇒ A rhetorical question = উপরের আশা না করে জনানকে প্রভাবিত করবার জন্য নিক্ষোভ প্রশ্ন।
⇒ Rhetorically (adv.)

Rife (adj.) [সিবস্ত, বহুল প্রচলিত, সাধারণ]
⇒ = excessively abundant.
⇒ The folk songs are still rife in the villages.
⇒ Corruption is rife in our society; the integrity of even senior officials is suspect.
⇒ Rife with [পরিপূর্ণ]

Rodent (n.) [ইন্দুরজাতীয় প্রাণী]
⇒ = relatively small gnawing animals having a single pair of constantly growing incisor teeth specialized for gnawing.
⇒ Damaging of plastic pipe in trickle irrigation by rodents.

Ruffle (v.) [আলোড়িত করা]
⇒ = stir up (water) so as to form ripples.
⇒ Ruffle (n.)
⇒ = a strip of pleated material used as a decoration or a trim.

Sage (n.) [জ্ঞানী লোক]
⇒ = a mentor in spiritual and philosophical topics.
⇒ Sage (adj.) [জ্ঞানী, প্রাঞ্জল]
⇒ Sagely (adv.)
⇒ Sagacious (adj.) [কান্তজনসম্পন্ন, বিচ্ছিন্ন]
⇒ = acutely insightful and wise.
⇒ Sagacity (n.)
⇒ = ability to make good judgments.
⇒ Presage (n.) [পূর্বক্ষেত্র, পূর্বভাস]
⇒ Presage (v.)
⇒ A heavy rain presages flood.

Salacity (n.) [অস্ক্রিয়তা]
⇒ = the trait of behaving in an obscene manner.
⇒ Salacious (adj.) [অস্ক্রিয়]
⇒ Salaciously (adv.)
⇒ Salaciousness (n.)

Salvage (n.) [উদ্ধারকৃত সম্পত্তি]
⇒ = the act of rescuing a ship or its crew or its cargo from a shipwreck or a fire.
⇒ The ship is good for salvage because it can be raised from the bottom of the sea.

Savor (v.) [যাদ বা গম্ভীর উদ্ভার্গ করা]
⇒ = taste appreciatively.
⇒ I savored dinner last night; we had roast beef and good red wine.
⇒ The baseball team savored their win.

Scintillate (v.) [জ্বলন্ধক করা]
⇒ = emit or reflect light in a flickering manner.
⇒ The party conversation scintillated as people told jokes and drank champagne.

Sedentary (adj.) [অবিকাশ সময় উপবাস থাকে এমন, বসে বসে করতে হয় এমন (কাজ)]
⇒ = tending to spend much time seated.
⇒ Sedentary profession.

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**Sedulous (adj.)** [ধৃঢ়বসায়ী]
- = diligent, marked by care and persistent effort.
- Pay sedulous attention to a young lady.
- Sedulously (adv.)

**Sequestrate (v.)** [বাজেয়ার করা]
- = set apart from others.
- At the age of 60, the old man was sequestrated from his colleague.
- Sequestration (n.)

**Serendipity (n.)** [নৈস্বর্যের তাত্ত্বিক আবিষ্কার]
- = something good that happens by chance.
- It was serendipity that I found a 10-dollar bill on the street.

**Serene (adj.)** [বেশ্য ও শান্ত]
- = completely clear and fine.
- After she told him that she loved him, he became serene with relief and happiness.

**Serpent (n.)** [সাপ, ধূতর্ক্ষাক লোক, কলকাতাকের]
- = a snake.
- Serpentine (adj.)
- We followed the serpentine course of the river.
- The film's serpentine (= complicated and difficult to understand) plot was difficult to follow.

**Simulate (v.)** [ভান করা]
- (1) enact or perform again (2) make a pretence of.
- Simulated innocence.
- There are some insects that simulate dead leaves.
- Simulation (n.)
- Dissimulate (v.) [প্রকৃত মনোভাব/অনুভূতি গোপন করে জিজ্ঞাসার ভান করা]
- = hide from others, as of feelings.

**Solicit (v.)** [অনুরোধ করা]
- = to ask someone for money, information or help.
- It is illegal for public officials to solicit gifts or money in exchange for favors.
- Solicitation (n.)

**Sonorous (adj.)** [ধব্লিনময়, ন্যায্য]
- = full and loud and deep.
- A sonorous voice.
- Sonorous voice of Sonu Nigam.
- Sonorously (adv.)

**Soporific (adj.)** [বিক্ষিতকরণ, নিন্দকর (পদার্থ বা পানীয়)]
- = sleep inducing.
- Soporific class lectures of Feroze sir!

**Specious (adj.)** [আপাতদৃষ্টিতে মাধ্যম/সত্য বলে মনে হয় কিন্তু আসলে তা নয়]
- = plausible but false.
- A specious argument.
- Speiciously (adv.)
- Speiciousness (n.)

**Sporadic (v.)** [বিক্ষিপ্ত]
- = recurring in scattered and irregular or unpredictable instances.
- Sporadic clashes between Manna’s fans and police.
- Sporadic fighting / gunfire / violence.
- Sporadic outbreaks of the disease.
- Sporadically (adv.)

**Stagnant (adj.)** [বেশ্য, নিঃশুল]
- = (of water or air) not flowing or moving, and smelling unpleasant.
- We could not drink the water in the stagnant pond.
- A stagnant economy.
- Stagnancy (n.)

**Steadfast (adj.)** [স্বীয়, অবিচলিত]
- = marked by firm determination or resolution.
- The group remained steadfast in its support for the new system, even when it was criticized in the newspapers.
- Steadfastly (adv.)
- Steadfastness (n.)

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Stifle (v.) [শাসদক্ষ বব করা, দমন করা, ঠাকুরি দেয়া]
⇒ = smother, suppress, conceal, hide.
⇒ We were stifled in the crowded local bus.
⇒ I feel stifled in a smoky room.
⇒ Stifler (n.) [শাসনকর্তা, দমনকর্তা]

Stoic (n.) [সুখ-দুঃখে নিবন্ধিত ব্যক্তি]
⇒ = someone who is seemingly indifferent to emotions.
⇒ Stoical (adj.)
⇒ Stoicism (n.) [সংসারিক জ্ঞানের মতবাদ]

Stimulate (v.) [তৃদ্ধিকরণ করার]
⇒ = to encourage something to grow, develop or become active.
⇒ Good teachers should ask questions that stimulate students to think.
⇒ Stimulating (adj.)
⇒ Stimulation (n.)
⇒ Stimulant (n.)

Stricture (v.) [কেটার সমালোচনা/নিয়মনীতাত]
⇒ = (1) stern criticism (2) a severe moral or physical limitation.
⇒ The strictures of the United Nations have failed to have any effect on the warring factions.
⇒ The Taliban's strictures on women's rights and education.

Stupefy (v.) [চমকের চিঠিকা করার শক্তি নানা'র হতভাগ করা]
⇒ Stupefied with drink/amazement.
⇒ Stupefaction (n.) [সাড়তা]

Subdue (v.)
⇒ = put down by force or intimidation.
⇒ Unforgiven-1: New blood joins this earth and quickly he's subdued.
⇒ Subdued voice/light/satisfaction. [চাপা, দিমত]

Subjugate (v.) [পরাভূত করার]
⇒ = put down by force or intimidation.
⇒ She subjugated herself to her mother's needs.

Sublime (adj.) [মহিরাঘ্নিত, ন্যাযসূচনা, আশীর্বাদ (অপরিণামশীল ব্যক্তি সম্পর্কে)]
⇒ = worthy of adoration or reverence.
⇒ Sublime scenery/heroism/self-sacrifice.
⇒ A man of sublime conceit/indulgence/indifference.
⇒ (Go) from the sublime to the ridiculous.
⇒ Sublimely (adv.) [মহর্ষীকরণ]
⇒ She was sublimely indifferent to the astounded looks of the pedestrians.

Subside (v.) [হাস পোকা, নেমে যাওয়া]
⇒ = sink or fall to a lower level.
⇒ The police are hoping that the violence will soon subside.
⇒ Eventually the flood waters began to subside.
⇒ Subsidence (n.)
⇒ The building had to be demolished because of subsidence.

Subtle (adj.) [বোধক, চুরুক]
⇒ Subtle – Subtler - Subtlest
⇒ A subtle humor.
⇒ A subtle [জিটল] argument or design.
⇒ A subtle [তীক্ষ্ণ] observer or critic.
⇒ Subtly (adv.)
⇒ Government policy has already shifted subtly.

Succinct (adj.) [সংক্ষিপ্ত, চুরুক]
⇒ = briefly giving the gist of something.
⇒ Succinctly (adv.) [আপ কথায়]
⇒ Succinctness (n.)

Superficial (adj.) [অগভীর, বাুষ, বিহার]
⇒ = only on the surface of something.
⇒ The driver only received superficial injuries/cuts/wounds.
⇒ Superficially (adv.)
⇒ Superficiality (n.)

Sybarite (n.) [বেহালা-বাসী ব্যক্তি]
⇒ = a person who loves luxury and pleasure.

Taciturn (adj.) [অপ্রশ্নী]
⇒ = habitually reserved and uncommunicative.
⇒ The old man has a taciturn expression on his face.
Tarnish (v.) [নিষ্ক্রি করা/হওয়া]
⇒ = to spoil the reputation of someone or something.
⇒ The scandal tarnished her reputation.
⇒ Tarnish (n.) [নিষ্ক্রি]

Teem (v.) [আঁচল পরিবাহে থাকা, অদরা ধারণ নেমে আসা]
⇒ Fish teem in this lake.
⇒ Teem with [প্রশান্ত পরিবাহে ধারণ করা]
⇒ Bangladesh is teeming with people.
⇒ The rain was teeming down.
⇒ He found that many marketed spices were teeming with bacteria, moulds and yeasts.

Temeity (n.) [হঠকািরতা]
⇒ = fearless daring, boldness.
⇒ He had the temerity to tell his boss what he thought of her.

Thwart (v.) [প্রতিহত করা, বার্ধ করে দেরা]
⇒ = hinder or prevent.
⇒ Be thwarted in one’s ambitions.

Tractable (adj.) [সহেজ সহযোগিতায়]
⇒ = docile, easily managed.
⇒ Tractability (n.)

Tranquil (adj.) [শান, চুপচাপ]
⇒ = free from disturbance.
⇒ The tranquil night.
⇒ Tranquilly (adv.)
⇒ Tranquility (n.)
⇒ Tranquilize (v.) [= make calm or still]
⇒ Tranquilizer (n.)

Travail (n.) [পরিক্ষে চেষ্টা, প্রস্তর বেননা]
⇒ Travail (v.)
⇒ = work hard.
⇒ Painful or laborious effort.

Tremor (n.) [পুনর্প্রবণ, দোলা, শিকড়ান]
⇒ = a shaky motion.
⇒ There was a slight tremor in her voice.
⇒ Tremulous (adj.)
⇒ He watched her tremulous hand reach for the teacup.

Trepidation (n.) [চিন্তিত ভাব]
⇒ = fear or anxiety about what is going to happen, a feeling of alarm or dread.
Unanimity (n.) [ঈকমতয্]
⇒ = everyone being of one mind.
⇒ Unanimous (adj.)
⇒ After a lengthy discussion we reached a unanimous decision on the proposal.

Tenable (adj.) [সমথর্নেযাগয্‌ বা রক্ষায়ণযাগয্‌ কোন কিছু, নির্ভর মেয়াদসূচক (ঢাকী সম্পর্কে)]
⇒ = able to be defended successfully or held for a particular period of time.
⇒ His terms are hardly tenable.
⇒ His theory is no longer tenable in light of the recent discoveries.
⇒ Untenable (adj.)
⇒ = describes a theory or argument that cannot be supported or defended against criticism.
⇒ If three people in four no longer support the government, isn't this an untenable situation?

Upheaval (n.) [অত্যন্ত]
⇒ = (a) great change, especially causing or involving much difficulty, activity or trouble.
⇒ It would cause a tremendous upheaval to install a different computer system.

Vacillate (v.) [দিক করা]
⇒ = be undecided about something.
⇒ Her mood vacillated between hope and despair.
⇒ Vacillation (n.)

Vacuous (adj.) [চিহ্ন বা বুদ্ধিমত্তার অভাবসূচক, শূন্যপূর্ণ, উদাস, ফাঁকা]
⇒ A vacuous remark/laugh/expression/stare.
⇒ Vacuously (adv.) [শূন্যদৃষ্টিতে]

Vagary (n.) [মজি, মেয়াল]
⇒ = a sudden desire.
⇒ The vagaries of human emotions.

Veracity (n.) [সত্য, সত্যপ্রায়ত্ব, সত্যনিষ্ঠা]
⇒ = unwillingness to tell lies.
⇒ Veracious (adj.) [যথেষ্ট]
⇒ Veraciously (adv.)

Verbose (adj.) [বৃহত্তরপূর্ণ]
⇒ = using or containing too many words.
⇒ Verbosely (adv.)
⇒ Verboseness (n.)

Verdant (adj.) [কাঁচা, অন্তিষ্ঠি]
⇒ = green with growing things.
⇒ Verdancy (n.)
⇒ Much of the region's verdant countryside has been destroyed in the hurricane.

Vex (v.) [বিরক্ত বা হয়রান করা]
⇒ = to annoy, worry or disturb (esp. by minor irritations).
⇒ It vexes me that my computer is not so fast.
⇒ A vexed question [বর্তমান আলোচনার কারণসূচক, কোন দুর্বল বা বিরক্তিকর সমস্যা]
⇒ Vex (v.) [(সমূহের) বিপ্লুক করা]
⇒ Vexed by storms.

Vice (n.) [পাপ]
⇒ = a specific form of evildoing.
⇒ Greed, pride, envy, dishonesty and lust are considered to be vices.
⇒ Vicious (adj.)
⇒ = having the nature of vice.
⇒ The police said that this was one of the most vicious attacks they'd ever seen.
⇒ Viciously (adv.)
⇒ Viciousness (n.)

Vindicate (v.)
⇒ = to prove that what someone said or did was right or true, after other people thought it was wrong.
⇒ The decision to include Morris in the team was completely vindicated when he scored three goals.
⇒ Vindication (n.)
⇒ The army's victory is being seen as (a) vindication of their tactics.

Voluble (adj.) [রস্পদপ্তরবানী]
⇒ = marked by a ready flow of speech.
⇒ Many see Parker as the obvious leader, whose voluble style works well on TV.
⇒ Volubly (adv.)